

Arc Length	Area, Surface of Rev	Para-metrics	Polar Coordinates	Random
100 $s = \int \sqrt{1+[f'(x)]^2} dx$	100 $S = 2\pi \int r(x) \sqrt{1+[f'(x)]^2} dx$	100 $L = \int \sqrt{(dx/dt)^2 + (dy/dt)^2} dt$	100 $P(x, y) = P(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)$ $P(r, \theta) = P(\sqrt{x^2+y^2}, \arctan(y/x))$	100 1621
200 $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{1+81 \cos^2(y)} dy$	200 $\int_1^4 2(\pi)y \sqrt{1+(5+y^{-2})^2} dy$	200 $S = \int 2\pi x \sqrt{(dx/dt)^2 + (dy/dt)^2} dt$	200 $A = \frac{1}{2} \int r^2 d\theta$	200 California
300 $L = \int_0^6 \sqrt{1+x} dx$	300 $\int_0^{\ln(7)} (\pi)(1/3e^x - 1/3) \sqrt{1+1/36e^{2x}} dx$	300 $t=-2 \rightarrow (18, 1/3)$ $t=0 \rightarrow (0, 3)$ $t=2 \rightarrow (54, 27)$	300 $r>0 : (8, 9\pi/4)$ $r<0 : (-8, 5\pi/4)$	300 Abraham Lincoln
400 $(14/3)\sqrt{7} - 2/3$	400 $S = \int_0^1 2(\pi)y \sqrt{1+36/(6y+1)^2} dy$	400 $(dx/dt) = 18t^2+4$ $(dy/dt) = 3-10t$ $(dy/dx) = (3-10t)/(18t^2+4)$	400 $x^2-y^2=64$	400 Orlando, FL
500 $2/3(5\sqrt{5} - 1)$		500 $24(\pi)((4(\sqrt{2})/5 + 4/5)$	500 $r=-4\sec\theta$	500 Fires